

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID: SSPTAYKC1621

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

Consistent with Similar Patent Databases on STN

NEWS EXPRESS 17 DECEMBER 2010 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.4.2 .1,
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 24 JANUARY 2011.

NEWS HOURS STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
NEWS LOGIN Welcome Banner and News Items

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

All use of STN is subject to the provisions of the STN customer agreement. This agreement limits use to scientific research. Use for software development or design, implementation of commercial gateways, or use of CAS and STN data in the building of commercial products is prohibited and may result in loss of user privileges and other penalties.

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:23:06 ON 29 MAR 2011

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:23:50 ON 29 MAR 2011
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2011 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 28 MAR 2011 HIGHEST RN 1271522-06-5
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 28 MAR 2011 HIGHEST RN 1271522-06-5

CAS Information Use Policies apply and are available at: www.cas.org/cas-information-use-policies

<http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy.html>

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 14, 2011.

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/support/stn/gen/stndoc/properties.html>

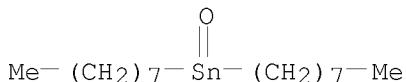
=> e dioctyltin oxide/cn
E1 1 DIOCTYLtin MERCAPTOPROPIONATE/CN
E2 1 DIOCTYLtin OXALATE/CN

E3 1 --> DIOCTYLTIN OXIDE/CN
 E4 1 DIOCTYLTIN PERCHLORATE/CN
 E5 1 DIOCTYLTIN PHOSPHITE/CN
 E6 1 DIOCTYLTIN PHTHALATE/CN
 E7 1 DIOCTYLTIN S,O-3-MERCAPTOPROPIONATE/CN
 E8 1 DIOCTYLTIN S,O-MERCAPTOACETATE/CN
 E9 1 DIOCTYLTIN S,S'-BIS(ISOOCTYL MERCAPTOACETATE)/CN
 E10 1 DIOCTYLTIN S,S-BIS(THIOACETIC ACID OCTYL ESTER)/CN
 E11 1 DIOCTYLTIN STEARATE OLEATE/CN
 E12 1 DIOCTYLTIN SULFIDE/CN

=> s e3
 L1 1 "DIOCTYLTIN OXIDE"/CN

=> d 11

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN
 RN 870-08-6 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
 CN Stannane, dioctyloxo- (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
 CN Dioctyltin oxide (6CI)
 CN Tin, dioctyloxo- (7CI)
 OTHER NAMES:
 CN Di-n-octyltin oxide
 CN Dioctyloxostannane
 CN Irgastab T 161
 CN NSC 140743
 CN Stann OO
 CN U 800
 CN U 800 (heat stabilizer)
 MF C16 H34 O Sn
 CI COM
 LC STN Files: ANABSTR, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS,
 CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, GMELIN*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, PIRA,
 REAXYSFILE*, RTECS*, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL, USPATOLD
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
 Other Sources: EINECS**, NDSL**, TSCA**
 (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

444 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
 32 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 444 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

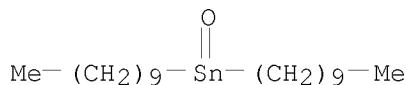
=> e didecyldimethyltin oxide/cn
 E1 1 DIDEDECYLTIN DINITRATE/CN
 E2 1 DIDEDECYLTIN MALEATE/CN

E3 1 --> DIDEICYLTIN OXIDE/CN
 E4 1 DIDEICYLTOLYLAMINE/CN
 E5 1 DIDEETHYLFLURAZEPAM/CN
 E6 1 DIDEETHYLSIMAZINE/CN
 E7 1 DIDEGLUCOPARILLIN/CN
 E8 1 DIDEGUANYLDIHYDRO-N-METHYLSTREPTOMYCIN/CN
 E9 1 DIDEGUANYLDIHYDROSTREPTOMYCIN/CN
 E10 1 DIDEGUANYLSTREPTOMYCYLAMINE/CN
 E11 1 DIDEHYDRO-A-MATRINIDINE/CN
 E12 1 DIDEHYDRO-E-VINIFERIN/CN

=> s e3
 L2 1 "DIDEICYLTIN OXIDE"/CN

=> d 12

L2 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN
 RN 94678-16-7 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 09 Feb 1985
 CN Stannane, didecyl-, 1-oxide (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
 CN Stannane, didecyloxo- (9CI)
 CN Tin, didecyloxo- (7CI)
 OTHER NAMES:
 CN Didecytin oxide
 MF C20 H42 O Sn
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

=> e nonyltin oxide/cn

E1 1 NONYLTHIOURONIUM CHLORIDE/CN
 E2 1 NONYLTHIURONIUM CHLORIDE/CN
 E3 0 --> NONYLtin OXIDE/CN
 E4 1 NONYLTRICHLOROSILANE/CN
 E5 1 NONYLTRIETHOXYSILANE/CN
 E6 1 NONYLTRIETHYLAMMONIUM/CN
 E7 1 NONYLTRIETHYLAMMONIUM BROMIDE/CN
 E8 1 NONYLTRIETHYLAMMONIUM ION/CN
 E9 1 NONYLTRIMETHYLAMMONIUM/CN
 E10 1 NONYLTRIMETHYLAMMONIUM BROMIDE/CN
 E11 1 NONYLTRIMETHYLAMMONIUM CHLORIDE/CN
 E12 1 NONYLTRIMETHYLAMMONIUM HYDROGEN PHTHALATE/CN

=> e nonyl tin oxide/cn
 E1 1 NONYL THIOGLYCOLATE/CN

E2 1 NONYL TIGLATE/CN
 E3 0 --> NONYL TIN OXIDE/CN
 E4 1 NONYL TITANATE (C9H19O)4TI/CN
 E5 1 NONYL TITANATE(IV) ((C9H19O)2TIO)/CN
 E6 1 NONYL TITANATE(IV) ((C9H19O)4TI)/CN
 E7 1 NONYL TOLYL PHOSPHATE, (C9H19O)(C7H7O)2PO/CN
 E8 1 NONYL TRIBROMOACETATE/CN
 E9 1 NONYL TRICHLOROACETATE/CN
 E10 1 NONYL TRICHLOROACRYLATE/CN
 E11 1 NONYL TRIFLUOROACETATE/CN
 E12 1 NONYL TRIMELLITATE/CN

=> file caplus, agricola
 COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL
 FULL ESTIMATED COST ENTRY SESSION
 21.82 22.05

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:31:02 ON 29 MAR 2011
 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
 PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
 COPYRIGHT (C) 2011 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 12:31:02 ON 29 MAR 2011

=> s transesterification (P) esterification (P) (fat# or oil#)
 L3 0 TRANSESTERIFICATION (P) ESTERIFICATION (P) (FAT# OR OIL#)

=> s biodiesel and (l1 or l2)
 L4 1 BIODIESEL AND (L1 OR L2)

=> d l4 ibib abs

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:612439 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:117808
 TITLE: Improved process for preparing fatty acid alkyl esters
 using as biodiesel
 INVENTOR(S): Gupta, Ashok Kumar; Bhatnagar, Ajay Kumar; Kaul,
 Savita
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Council of Scientific and Industrial Research, India
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 16 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005063954	A1	20050714	WO 2003-IN416	20031230
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ,				

BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE,				
ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK,				
TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2552371	A1	20050714	CA 2003-2552371	20031230
AU 2003290414	A1	20050721	AU 2003-290414	20031230
AU 2003290414	B2	20101104		
EP 1711588	A1	20061018	EP 2003-782777	20031230
R: AT, DE, FR, GB, IT				
BR 2003018651	A	20061128	BR 2003-18651	20031230
CN 1894390	A	20070110	CN 2003-80111007	20031230
IN 2004DN00397	A	20060310	IN 2004-DN397	20040220
IN 239072	A1	20100312		
US 20070282118	A1	20071206	US 2007-585041	20070612
WO 2003-IN416 W 20031230				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB Fatty acid alkyl esters suitable for use as biodiesel are produced by a single step esterification of free fatty acids and transesterification of triglycerides from vegetable oils or animal fats or combinations thereof with a lower alc. (e.g. methanol) in presence of alkyl tin oxide as catalyst. Thus, such an improved process comprises the steps of, a. reacting fatty acid glycerides with an alc. having 1-4 carbon atoms in the molar ratio of 3:1 to 30:1 of fatty acids and triglycerides resp., at a temperature ranging between 70-300°, pressure in the range of 1-30 bar, in presence of a organometallic catalytic compound of Tin with concentration of catalyst is in the range of 0.01 to 3 weight percent of the fatty

acid glycerides; b. obtaining ester with glycerol; c. separating the glycerin from the fatty acid alkyl ester as immiscible phase by decantation; d. purifying the fatty acid alkyl esters by washing with water, and e. washed ester is treated with an basic adsorbent to obtain biodiesel.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
(4 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:23:06 ON 29 MAR 2011)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:23:50 ON 29 MAR 2011
E DIOCTYLtin OXIDE/CN

L1	1 S E3	E DIOCTYLtin OXIDE/CN
L2	1 S E3	E DIDECYLtin OXIDE/CN
		E NONYLtin OXIDE/CN
		E NONYL TIN OXIDE/CN

FILE 'CAPLUS, AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 12:31:02 ON 29 MAR 2011

L3	0 S TRANSESTERIFICATION (P) ESTERIFICATION (P) (FAT# OR OIL#)
L4	1 S BIODIESEL AND (L1 OR L2)

=> s simultaneous (L) (transesterification and esterification)
PROXIMITY OPERATION NOT ALLOWED

Certain operators may not be nested in combination with other operators. A nested operator is valid only when it occurs at the same level or above the operator outside the nested phrase as determined by

the following precedence list:

1. Numeric
2. (W), (NOTW), (A), (NOTA)
3. (S), (NOTS)
4. (P), (NOTP)
5. (L), (NOTL)
6. AND, NOT
7. OR

For example, '(MONOCLONAL(W)ANTIBOD?)(L)ANTIGEN?' is valid since (W) is above (L) on the precedence list. However,

'((THIN(W)LAYER)(L)PHOSPHOLIPID#)(A)LACTONE#' is not valid since (L) is below (A) on the precedence list. The only exception is the 'OR' operator. This operator may be used in combination with any other operator. For example, '(ATOMIC OR NUCLEAR)(W)REACTOR' is valid.

```
=> s transesterification (L) esterification
L5          2413 TRANSESTERIFICATION (L) ESTERIFICATION

=> s 15 and (fat# or oil#) and (fatty (a) acid (a) alkyl (a) ester#)
L6          44 L5 AND (FAT# OR OIL#) AND (FATTY (A) ACID (A) ALKYL (A) ESTER#)

=> s 16 and (l1 or l2)
L7          1 L6 AND (L1 OR L2)
```

```
=> d 17 ibib abs

L7  ANSWER 1 OF 1  CAPLUS  COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:      2005:612439  CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:      143:117808
TITLE:                Improved process for preparing fatty
                      acid alkyl esters using as
                      biodiesel
INVENTOR(S):          Gupta, Ashok Kumar; Bhatnagar, Ajay Kumar; Kaul,
                      Savita
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):    Council of Scientific and Industrial Research, India
SOURCE:                PCT Int. Appl., 16 pp.
                      CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:         Patent
LANGUAGE:              English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
```

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005063954	A1	20050714	WO 2003-IN416	20031230
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK,				

TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2552371	A1	20050714	CA 2003-2552371	20031230
AU 2003290414	A1	20050721	AU 2003-290414	20031230
AU 2003290414	B2	20101104		
EP 1711588	A1	20061018	EP 2003-782777	20031230
R: AT, DE, FR, GB, IT				
BR 2003018651	A	20061128	BR 2003-18651	20031230
CN 1894390	A	20070110	CN 2003-80111007	20031230
IN 2004DN00397	A	20060310	IN 2004-DN397	20040220
IN 239072	A1	20100312		
US 20070282118	A1	20071206	US 2007-585041	20070612
WO 2003-IN416				
W 20031230				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB Fatty acid alkyl esters suitable for use as biodiesel are produced by a single step esterification of free fatty acids and transesterification of triglycerides from vegetable oils or animal fats or combinations thereof with a lower alc. (e.g. methanol) in presence of alkyl tin oxide as catalyst. Thus, such an improved process comprises the steps of, a. reacting fatty acid glycerides with an alc. having 1-4 carbon atoms in the molar ratio of 3:1 to 30:1 of fatty acids and triglycerides resp., at a temperature ranging between 70-300°, pressure in the range of 1-30 bar, in presence of a organometallic catalytic compound of Tin with concentration of catalyst is in the range of 0.01 to 3 weight percent of the fatty acid glycerides; b. obtaining ester with glycerol; c. separating the glycerin from the fatty acid alkyl ester as immiscible phase by decantation; d. purifying the fatty acid alkyl esters by washing with water, and e. washed ester is treated with an basic adsorbent to obtain biodiesel.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
(4 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:23:06 ON 29 MAR 2011)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:23:50 ON 29 MAR 2011

E DIOCTYLtin OXIDE/CN

L1 1 S E3

E DIDECYLTIN OXIDE/CN

L2 1 S E3

E NONYLTIN OXIDE/CN

E NONYL TIN OXIDE/CN

FILE 'CAPLUS, AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 12:31:02 ON 29 MAR 2011

L3 0 S TRANSESTERIFICATION (P) ESTERIFICATION (P) (FAT# OR OIL#)

L4 1 S BIODIESEL AND (L1 OR L2)

L5 2413 S TRANSESTERIFICATION (L) ESTERIFICATION

L6 44 S L5 AND (FAT# OR OIL#) AND (FATTY (A) ACID (A) ALKYL (A) ESTE

L7 1 S L6 AND (L1 OR L2)

=> S L6 AND (alkyl (s) tin)

L8 2 L6 AND (ALKYL (S) TIN)

=> d 18 1-2 ibib abs

L8 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:1431496 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 150:7245
 TITLE: Immobilized esterification catalysts for producing fatty acid alkyl esters
 INVENTOR(S): Gao, Yong
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Southern Illinois University Carbondale, USA
 SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 15pp.
 CODEN: USXXCO
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20080289248	A1	20081127	US 2007-752666	20070523
WO 2008070756	A2	20080612	WO 2007-US86573	20071206
WO 2008070756	A9	20080814		
WO 2008070756	A3	20081002		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA				
EP 2089347	A2	20090819	EP 2007-865264	20071206
R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR				
US 20100130763	A1	20100527	US 2010-517315	20100126
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2006-868755P P 20061206				
US 2007-752666 A 20070523				
WO 2007-US86573 W 20071206				

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB Provided herein are processes for the production of biodiesel. In particular, provided is an esterification process in which an alc. reacts with free fatty acids in a lipid material comprising free fatty acids and glycerides in the presence of an immobilized zirconium(IV) metal salt to form fatty acid alkyl esters. Also provided is combination process in which an esterification reaction converts the free fatty acids in a lipid material to fatty acid alkyl esters and a transesterification reaction converts the glycerides in the material to fatty acid alkyl esters.

.

L8 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:612439 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:117808
 TITLE: Improved process for preparing fatty acid alkyl esters using as biodiesel
 INVENTOR(S): Gupta, Ashok Kumar; Bhatnagar, Ajay Kumar; Kaul, Savita
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Council of Scientific and Industrial Research, India
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 16 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005063954	A1	20050714	WO 2003-IN416	20031230
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2552371	A1	20050714	CA 2003-2552371	20031230
AU 2003290414	A1	20050721	AU 2003-290414	20031230
AU 2003290414	B2	20101104		
EP 1711588	A1	20061018	EP 2003-782777	20031230
R: AT, DE, FR, GB, IT				
BR 2003018651	A	20061128	BR 2003-18651	20031230
CN 1894390	A	20070110	CN 2003-80111007	20031230
IN 2004DN00397	A	20060310	IN 2004-DN397	20040220
IN 239072	A1	20100312		
US 20070282118	A1	20071206	US 2007-585041	20070612
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			WO 2003-IN416	W 20031230

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB Fatty acid alkyl esters suitable for use as biodiesel are produced by a single step esterification of free fatty acids and transesterification of triglycerides from vegetable oils or animal fats or combinations thereof with a lower alc. (e.g. methanol) in presence of alkyl tin oxide as catalyst. Thus, such an improved process comprises the steps of, a. reacting fatty acid glycerides with an alc. having 1-4 carbon atoms in the molar ratio of 3:1 to 30:1 of fatty acids and triglycerides resp., at a temperature ranging between 70-300°, pressure in the range of 1-30 bar, in presence of a organometallic catalytic compound of Tin with concentration of catalyst is in the range of 0.01 to 3 weight percent of the fatty acid glycerides; b. obtaining ester with glycerol; c. separating the glycerin from the fatty acid alkyl ester as immiscible phase by decantation; d. purifying the fatty acid alkyl esters by washing with water, and e. washed ester is treated with an basic adsorbent to obtain biodiesel.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

Serial No.: 10/585041_D

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 (4 CITINGS)
THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:23:06 ON 29 MAR 2011)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:23:50 ON 29 MAR 2011
E DIOCTYLTIN OXIDE/CN

L1 1 S E3
E DIDEDECYLTIN OXIDE/CN
L2 1 S E3
E NONYLTIN OXIDE/CN
E NONYL TIN OXIDE/CN

FILE 'CAPLUS, AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 12:31:02 ON 29 MAR 2011

L3 0 S TRANSESTERIFICATION (P) ESTERIFICATION (P) (FAT# OR OIL#)
L4 1 S BIODIESEL AND (L1 OR L2)
L5 2413 S TRANSESTERIFICATION (L) ESTERIFICATION
L6 44 S L5 AND (FAT# OR OIL#) AND (FATTY (A) ACID (A) ALKYL (A) ESTE
L7 1 S L6 AND (L1 OR L2)
L8 2 S L6 AND (ALKYL (S) TIN)

=> log off

ALL L# QUERIES AND ANSWER SETS ARE DELETED AT LOGOFF

LOGOFF? (Y)/N/HOLD:y

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 12:38:49 ON 29 MAR 2011